

## India as a Nation

1. The rank of Telugu among the major languages of the world is \_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_ languages are recognized as statutory.
3. At \_\_\_\_ years of age an Indian gets the right to vote.
4. The drafting of Indian constitution was completed in the year \_\_\_\_
5. A right that safeguards fundamental rights is known as \_\_\_\_
6. When every individual is considered equal before law it is known as \_\_\_\_
7. Delinking of the state from religious matters is known as \_\_\_\_
8. Reservation is an important device to promote \_\_\_\_
9. The process of national integration in India is characterised by the phrase \_\_\_\_
10. Religion that preached equality of people in ancient India is \_\_\_\_
11. IAS stands for \_\_\_\_
12. IPS stands for \_\_\_\_
13. The chairman of the constitution drafting committee was \_\_\_\_
14. Liberty is meaningless without \_\_\_\_
15. In India the supreme power rests with \_\_\_\_
16. Division of powers between the centre and the state government is an important feature of.....
17. The official language of India is \_\_\_\_
18. The union territories are directly administered by \_\_\_\_
19. According to the geographical area \_\_\_\_ is the largest state in India.
20. As per 2001 population census \_\_\_\_ percentage of the people are Hindus.
21. As per estimates of the government, approximately there are \_\_\_\_ castes in India.
22. The \_\_\_\_ reflects the ideals of the modern state in democratic age.
23. The state is called republic when its \_\_\_\_ is elected by the people.
24. There is no place for dictatorship in \_\_\_\_ setup.
25. According to the directive principles of state policy the accumulation of \_\_\_\_ should not be in the hands of a few.
26. Practice of untouchability is a \_\_\_\_
27. Our constitution provided for \_\_\_\_ structure of the Government in India.
28. Disputes among the states or between the states and the centre are sought to be resolved through....
29. \_\_\_\_ is a distinguishing hall-mark of Indian life.
30. The citizenship of Indian realize the ideal of \_\_\_\_

### Key:

1. sixteenth. 2.22 3.18 4.1949 5. right to constitutional remedies. 6. Rule of law.7.secularism. 8. social justice. 9. unity in diversity. 10. Buddhism. 11.Indian Administrative Ser-vice. 12. Indian Police Service. 13. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar. 14.Equality. 15.the people. 16. Fe-deral Government.17.Hindi. 18. the central Govt. 19.Rajasthan 20. 82 21.6748 22. Prea-mble of the constitution 23.constitutional he-ad 24.democratic 25. wealth 26.crime. 27. federal 28. National Development Council. 29. Tolerance 30.One people-One country.

## Indian Democracy

1. The 'Democracy' is derived from \_\_\_\_ language.
2. In democracy the supreme power rests with the \_\_\_\_
3. In modern democracies the form of government is \_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_ said "Democracy is the government of the people, by the people and for the people".
5. Electorate means the \_\_\_\_
6. Franchise means the right to \_\_\_\_
7. Electoral roll means the list of \_\_\_\_ in any election.
8. When people's representatives elect some one to a public office it is called \_\_\_\_ elections.
9. \_\_\_\_ years is the minimum age requirement for a person to be a candidate in Loksabha elections
10. \_\_\_\_ officer supervises and conducts election in a constituency.
11. \_\_\_\_ officer is incharge of a polling booth.
12. The first general elections were held at India in \_\_\_\_
13. Securing votes by resorting to force and illegal means during the polling process is known as \_\_\_\_ crime.
14. The member of Rajyasabha are elected \_\_\_\_
15. National conference is the regional party of \_\_\_\_
16. \_\_\_\_ issues symbols to political parties.
17. Present chief election commissioner of India is \_\_\_\_
18. Largest Democratic country in the world is \_\_\_\_
19. The term of the Loksabha member is \_\_\_\_ years.
20. For the first time elections to local bodies were held in the \_\_\_\_ year.
21. The system of government of India is \_\_\_\_ system.
22. \_\_\_\_ is the upper house at the centre.
23. The powers of democratic governments are limited by a \_\_\_\_
24. The article of \_\_\_\_ of the constitution explained about the universal adult franchise.
25. The members of legislative Assembly are elected \_\_\_\_
26. Grama panchayaths, Municipalities, municipal corporations are called \_\_\_\_
27. \_\_\_\_ takes the responsibility of conducting the elections in India.
28. The \_\_\_\_ do have the right to challenge the genuinity of the voter on behalf of the contesting candidate.
29. The all political parties announce their \_\_\_\_ before the elections.
30. The people can make a association and participate with equal rights in collective decision-making in the society is known as \_\_\_\_ society.
31. The right to vote has come to mean the right to choose \_\_\_\_
32. The 15th general elections for Loksabha were held in \_\_\_\_

### Key

1. Greek 2.people. 3. Representative. 4. Abr-aham Lincon 5. Body of Voters. 6.Vote. 7. Voters
8. indirect 9. 25 10.Returning 11.Presiding 12. 1952. 13.Election 14.indirectly. 15. Jammu and Kashmir 16. The election commission 17. Shabuddin Yakub Kureshi. 18.India. 19. 5 20. 1884
21. Parliamentary 22. Rajyasabha 23.constitution. 24.326 25.directly. 26.Local bodies.
- 27.Election Commission 28.Polling Agents 29. manifesto's30.democratic 31. representatives. 32. 20

## Challenges facing our Country Today

1. National Literacy mission was setup in the year \_\_\_\_\_
2. The Andhra state was created in the year \_\_\_\_\_
3. The year of dowry prohibition act \_\_\_\_\_
4. The minimum age of marriage for girls is \_\_\_\_\_ years.
5. Article \_\_\_\_\_ of our constitution prohibits the employment of children in the hazardous work in the factories.
6. The fundamental right which has provided the right to live is \_\_\_\_\_
7. The writ of \_\_\_\_\_ provides a remedy for illegal detention of a person.
8. The government document \_\_\_\_\_ reaffirms the country's commitment to universalising primary education by the year 2005.
9. The formation day of Andhra Pradesh state is \_\_\_\_\_
10. States are re-organised on the basis of \_\_\_\_\_
11. As per 2001 census literacy rate of our state was \_\_\_\_\_
12. The national policy for children was published in \_\_\_\_\_
13. The proportion of scheduled caste persons is \_\_\_\_\_ percent in India's population.
14. The first state created on linguistic basis was \_\_\_\_\_
15. Right of religion is a \_\_\_\_\_ right.
16. \_\_\_\_\_ State is the lowest female literacy state.
17. "Sons of the Soil" theory is a part of \_\_\_\_\_
18. \_\_\_\_\_ play an important role in the development of the individual and society.
19. The number of illiterates are more in \_\_\_\_\_ than any country in the world.
20. The state which has got the lowest literacy rate is \_\_\_\_\_
21. Communalism is a \_\_\_\_\_ attitude.
22. \_\_\_\_\_ commission is constituted for the welfare of the minorities.
23. The article of \_\_\_\_\_ of our constitution empowered the minorities to safe guard their languages, religions and the culture.
24. The article \_\_\_\_\_ of constitution provided for the eradication of untouchability in our country.
25. Prevention of \_\_\_\_\_ violence act was introduced to give the protection to women folk.
26. Important right of the citizen's rights is the \_\_\_\_\_
27. Prevention of \_\_\_\_\_ act 1988 enacted to curb corruption.
28. \_\_\_\_\_ is more important to control corruption.

### Key:

1. 1988. 2.1953. 3. 1961.4. 18 5.24 6.Right to freedom (Act.21). 7.habeas corpus 8.Edu-cation for all (1990) 9. November, 1, 1956. 10. language. 11. 61.11%.12.1974. 13.18 14.Andhra State. 15. fundamental 16. Bihar 17.Regionalism. 18. Literacy19.India 20. Bihar. 21.narrow 22.Minorities 23.29 24. 17 25. domestic 26. right to live.27.corruption 28.Transparency

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**India-United Nations -World Problems**

1. The year in which Bangladesh came into existence \_\_\_\_\_
2. The Indo-Soviet treaty was signed by India and the former soviet union in the year \_\_\_\_\_
3. The African country that followed a policy of racial discrimination \_\_\_\_\_
4. The year of India-China war \_\_\_\_\_
5. SAARC was launched in 1985 at the \_\_\_\_\_ summit meeting of the head of states in the South Asia region.
6. United nations charter was signed at the \_\_\_\_\_ meeting.
7. United nations came into existence on \_\_\_\_\_
8. The term of a judge in the international court of justice is for \_\_\_\_\_
9. India has \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the forest in the world.
10. Present secretary-General of the United Nations \_\_\_\_\_
11. Bandung conference was held in \_\_\_\_\_ year.
12. In which conference did the non-aligned nations give a call for new international economic order \_\_\_\_\_
13. The year of the report of willy Brandt commission \_\_\_\_\_
14. The year in which the universal declaration of Human rights was adopted by the united nations \_\_\_\_\_
15. World Human rights day is on \_\_\_\_\_
16. India's foreign policy is \_\_\_\_\_
17. Head Quarters of the United Nations organisation are in \_\_\_\_\_
18. \_\_\_\_\_ was the main architect of Indian foreign policy.
19. The international court of justice is located in \_\_\_\_\_ country
20. SAARC was lunched to promote cooperation among \_\_\_\_\_ Asian countries
21. The international court of justice is located at \_\_\_\_\_
22. The U.S.A. had maintained neutrality in the India - \_\_\_\_\_ war in 1965.
23. The U.S.S.R. was disintegrated in \_\_\_\_\_
24. \_\_\_\_\_ was an association of countries which were ruled by the British crown.
25. The common wealth summit was held in the year of 1983 at \_\_\_\_\_
26. \_\_\_\_\_ problem is the main impediment in the relations between Pakisthan and India.
27. India played an important role in South Asia and \_\_\_\_\_ played an important role in East Asia.
28. The Panchasheel agreement (1954) reached between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
29. The Tibet Buddhist leader, \_\_\_\_\_ and his followers fled china and getting asylum in our country
30. China built a military road between Sin kiang and Tibet across \_\_\_\_\_ region.
31. The agriculture information centre of SAARC was established in the country of \_\_\_\_\_
32. The event of the demolition of Babri masjid happened in the year \_\_\_\_\_
33. India supported the stand of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Suez canal crisis.
34. The primary responsibility of \_\_\_\_\_ council is preservation of international peace.
35. The number of non-permanent member in the UNO is \_\_\_\_\_
36. The permanent member countries of security council do have \_\_\_\_\_ power.
37. IBRD is also called as \_\_\_\_\_ Bank.
38. The first country which raised the issue of apartheid in the UNO assembly was \_\_\_\_\_
39. India has permanent membership in the International \_\_\_\_\_ organisation.
40. To bring about the reforms in the international economic structure, the \_\_\_\_\_ countries proposed the new international economic order

41. The regional meteorological centre of SAARC was situated in \_\_\_\_\_  
42. India has \_\_\_ percent of world population.

**Key**

1. 1971.2. 1971.3. South Africa. 4. 1962.5. Dhaka 6.San Francisco 7. October 24, 1945. 8. Nine years.9. one 10.Baan-ki-moon. 11. 1955 12. Algiers.13.1980. 14. 1948.15.10th December. 16. Non-Alignment.17.New York. 18. Jawaharlal Nehru 19.Netherland. 20. South. 21. the Hague. 22.Pakistan 23. 1991. 24.Common wealth 25.New Delhi. 26. Kashmir 27. China28.India, China. 29.Dala-ilama 30. Aksaichin 31.Bangladesh 32. 1992. 33.Egypt 34.security 35. 10.36.Veto 37. world 38. India. 39. Labour 40.poor 41. India. 42. 17.

## Traffic Education

1. Traffic management largely depends on \_\_\_\_\_  
2. Well planned safety-measures helped us to avoid \_\_\_\_\_  
3. Do not enter the street where you see \_\_\_\_\_ sign.  
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is must for all motor cyclists and scooterists.  
5. Zebra crossing is meant for \_\_\_\_\_  
6. At the back of the cycle there should be a \_\_\_\_\_  
7. Don't stop the cycle without \_\_\_\_\_  
8. The vehiclist is supposed to slowdown his vehicle at \_\_\_\_\_ crossing.  
9. The overtaking of any vehicle is to be done from \_\_\_\_\_ only.  
10. The driver of a vehicle should keep his vehicle at \_\_\_\_\_ feet distance from front one.  
11. Applying sudden \_\_\_\_\_ is very dangerous while riding two wheeler.

**Key:**

- 1.Traffic Education. 2.Road accidents. 3. "No Entry" 4.Driving Licence 5. Pedestrians.  
6. Red reflector. 7.Signaling. 8.Zebra 9. Right 10. three 11. Break